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This document outlines the initial server configuration and test scenario for jetNEXUS

The basic principle of a load balancer is that a single virtual IP can correspond to a number of real servers. In my home-lab I run 3 servers on VMware to provide kind of 3 real servers. I prepared all index.html with the server number, so I can see what "physical" server is serving the request. In a real life, you won't see that kind of configuration



The DNS setting of www.bemsel.home is 192.168.10.24, which will become the virtual IP Address.

C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - nslookup	
C:\Users\rbemsel>nslookup Default Server: blade-vm1.bemsel.home Address: 192.168.10.60	
> www.bemsel.home Server: blade-vm1.bemsel.home Address: 192.168.10.60	
Name: www.bemsel.home Address: 192.168.10.24	
>	
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DISCLAIMER

This Technical Tip or TechNote is provided as information only. I cannot make any guarantee, either explicit or implied, as to its occuracy to specific system installations / configurations. Readers should consul each Vendor for further information or support.

Although I believe the information provided in this document to be accurate at the time of writing, I reserve the right to modify, update, retract or atherwise change the information contained within for any reason and without notice. This technote has been created after studying the material and / or practical evaluation by myself. All liability for use of the information presented here remains with the user jetNEXUS ALB uses the notation of channels. A Channel consists of a virtual IP address and port.

Load Balancing Policy Options with jetNEXUS virtual Appliance:

- Least Connections
- Round Robin
- Cookie Based
- IP Based

I've decided to go with Round Robin, as I do not have a lot of http requests in my lab

There are only a few steps to configure.

- 1. Choose Data and Cache Type
- 2. Add Virtual IP Address (192.168.10.24 = www.bemsel.home), Subnet Mask and Port
- 3. Choose Load Balancing Policy
- 4. Add Content Server
- 5. Restart the Service by clicking Update

List	er	n On									Content Se	rvers	
0.5	7				IP Address	Subnet Ma	sk	P	Port	LR Dolice	Pound Pobin	_	
		Accelerate	•	Data	HTTP	/ 233.233.2	.55.0	•••	Service Desc	LD FOIL	IP Address	Port	
		By Channel	•	Cache	;	TCP Co	nnection	- /	Monitoring	200	Server Group		Pool
		No SSL 👻	SSL	-				1	Max Connections	0	192.168.10.47	: 80	×
										0	192.168.10.48	: 80	×
										0	192.168.10.49	: 80	×
										🛨 Add	Content Server	Upo	late
Ξ	+ Add Port												
+ Add IP Address													
											Refresh		Jpdate

6. Open a browser and connect to the virtual IP Address:



To get a bit more traffic into my lab, I did use a HTTP Stress Tool Trial Edition, which can be downloaded from http://www.paessler.com/webstress/download

Webserver Stress Tool		
Shutting Down Users		
	50%	

Statistics will get you some results on how Stress Tool did bother your web server load balancing setup

Content Compression to Date	=	69%							
Throughput Before Compression	=	391.4 kB							
Throughput After Compression	=	117.5 kB							
5.				Current Values					
Overall Compression to Date	=	3%		0%					
Throughput Before Compression	=	7.93 MB		1.04 Mbps (data)					
Throughput After Compression	=	7.65 MB		1.04 Mbps (data)					
Throughput From Cache	=	0		0.00 Mbps (data)					
			Total:	2.08 Mbps (data)					
Overall Hits Counted	=	517							
Total Connections	=	409		21.57 / 23.27 Connections per Second					
Peak Connections	=	30		3 Current Connections					
Content Caching		Hits	Bytes						
From Cache	=	0 / 0.0%	0 / 0.0%						
From Server	=	400 / 100.0%	6 7.41 MB / 100.0%						
Cache Contents	=	0 entries	0 / 0.0%						
CPU Usage	=	9.0%							
Disk Usage	=	69%							
Memory Usage	=	4.6% (11.3M	B of 243.7MB)						
·····, ····,									
Auto-Refresh [Secs] :									
Stop Reset Update									
<u></u>									

Happy Balancing

